

§ 752.605

(iv) Curtailing the notice period when the agency can invoke the provisions of paragraph (d) of this section (the “crime provision”).

(4) If none of the alternatives in paragraph (b)(3) of this section, is available, agencies may consider placing the appointee in a paid, nonduty status during all or part of the advance notice period.

(c) *Appointee’s answer.* (1) The agency shall give the appointee a reasonable amount of official time to review the material relied on to support its proposed action, to prepare an answer orally and in writing, and to secure affidavits, if the appointee is in an active duty status.

(2) The agency shall designate an official to hear the appointee’s oral answer who has authority either to make or to recommend a final decision on the proposed adverse action.

(3) The right to answer orally in person does not include the right to a formal hearing with examination of witnesses unless the agency provides for a formal hearing in its regulations in accordance with paragraph (g) of this section.

(4) If the appointee wishes the agency to consider any medical condition that may have affected the basis for the adverse action, the appointee shall be given reasonable time to furnish medical documentation of the condition. The same procedures that are applicable in § 752.404(c)(3) of this chapter are also applicable for an appointee in the Senior Executive Service.

(d) *Exception.* Section 7543(b)(1) of title 5 of the United States Code authorizes an exception to the 30 days’ advance written notice when the crime provision is invoked. This provision may be invoked even in the absence of judicial action if the agency has reasonable cause to believe that the appointee has committed a crime for which a sentence of imprisonment may be imposed. The agency may require the appointee to furnish any answer to the proposed action, and affidavits and other documentary evidence to support the answer, within such time as under the circumstances would be reasonable, but not less than 7 days. When the circumstances require immediate action, the agency may place the appointee in

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a nonduty status with pay for such time as is necessary to effect the action.

(e) *Representation.* (1) Under 5 U.S.C. 7543(b)(3), an appointee covered by this subpart is entitled to be represented by an attorney or other representative.

(2) An agency may disallow as an appointee’s representative—

(i) An individual whose activities as a representative would cause a conflict of interest or position;

(ii) An employee of the agency whose release from his or her official position would give rise to unreasonable costs; or

(iii) An employee of the agency whose priority work assignments preclude the employee’s release.

(f) *Agency decision.* In arriving at its written decision, the agency may consider only the reasons specified in the notice of proposed action. The agency shall consider any reply of the appointee or the appointee’s representative made to a designated official and any medical documentation furnished under paragraph (c) of this section. The agency shall deliver the notice of decision to the appointee at or before the time the action will be effective. The notice of decision shall inform the appointee of his or her appeal rights.

(g) *Hearing.* Under 5 U.S.C. 7543(c), the agency may, in its regulations, provide a hearing in place of or in addition to the opportunity for written and oral reply.

§ 752.605 Appeal rights.

(a) Under 5 U.S.C. 7543(d), a career appointee against whom an action is taken under this subpart is entitled to appeal to the Merit Systems Protection Board.

(b) A limited term or limited emergency appointee who is covered under § 752.601(c)(2) also may appeal an action taken under this subpart to the Merit Systems Protection Board.

§ 752.606 Agency records.

The agency shall maintain copies of the adverse action record items specified in 5 U.S.C. 7543(e) and furnish them upon request as required by that subsection.

PART 754 [RESERVED]